| AP Test Question2008 <br> No Calculator Allowed <br> 4) A particle moves along the $x$-axis so <br> that its velocity at time $t$, for $0 \leq t \leq 6$, <br> is given by a differentiable function $v$ <br> whose graph is shown above. The <br> velocity is 0 at $t=0, t=3$, and $t=5$, and the graph has horizontal tangents <br> at $t=1$ and $t=4$. The areas of the regions bounded by the $t$-axis and the <br> graph of $v$ on thd the intervals $[0,3]$, [3,5] and $[5,6]$ are 8,3 , and 2 , <br> respectively. At time $t=0$, the particle is at $x=-2$. <br> a) For $0 \leq t \leq 6$, find both the time and the position of the particle when <br> the particle is farthest to the left. Justify your answer. <br> At $t=3$ sec, the particle is farthest <br> to the left at position $\boldsymbol{x}=-\mathbf{- 1 0}$. |
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c) On the interval $2<t<3$, is the speed of the particle increasing or decreasing? Give a reason for your answer.

The speed is decreasing because $\lim _{t \rightarrow 3}|v(t)|=0$

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b) For how many values of $t$, where $0 \leq t \leq 6$, is the particle at $x=-8$ ? Explain your reasoning. 3

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d) During what time intervals, if any, is the acceleration of the particle negative? Justify your answer. $\quad a(t)=v^{\prime}(t)$
$a(t)<0$ for $t(0,1)$ and $t(4,6)$ since the slope of the tangent is negative.

